



COLORADO

Oil & Gas Conservation Commission

Department of Natural Resources

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## Topics

- Rule 915.a. Background and Purpose
- What is Residential SSL vs. Groundwater SSL
- Data Requirements to make a determination
- Important Takeaways to Remember

## Portion of Table 915-1

Contaminant of Concern	Concentrations	
	Residential Soil Screening Level Concentrations (mg/kg) <sup>7</sup>	Protection of Groundwater Soil Screening Level Concentrations (mg/kg) Risk Based (R) and MCL Based (M) <sup>7,8</sup>
Organic Compounds in Soils <sup>6, 9, 10</sup>		
benzene	1.2	0.0026 (M)
toluene	490	0.69 (M)
ethylbenzene	5.8	0.78 (M)
xylenes (sum of o-, m- and p- isomers = total xylenes) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	58 30	9.9 (M) 0.0081 (R)
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	27	0.0087 (R)
acenaphthene	360	0.55 (R)
anthracene	1800	5.8 (R)
benz(a)anthracene	1.1	0.011 (R)
benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.1	0.3 (R)
benzo(k)fluoranthene	11	2.9 (R)
benzo(a)pyrene	0.11	0.24 (M)
chrysene	110	9 (R)
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.11	0.096 (R)
fluoranthene	240	8.9 (R)
fluorene	240	0.54 (R)
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.1	0.98 (R)
1-methylnaphthalene	18	0.006 (R)
2-methylnaphthalene	24	0.019 (R)
naphthalene	2	0.0038 (R)
pyrene	180	1.3 (R)

## Rule 915.a. Background and Purpose

- Background Table 915-1 is based on US EPA Regional Screening Table, and uses two values
  - 1. Residential Soil Screening Level (SSL)
  - 2. Protection of Groundwater SSL
- A quick note on the Residential SSL
  - Is based on direct contact potential with soil through several pathways
    - incidental ingestion
    - dermal contact
    - inhalation of volatiles or dust

see EPA Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) User's Guide <a href="https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-users-guide">https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-users-guide</a>



#### Rule 915.a. Groundwater SSL

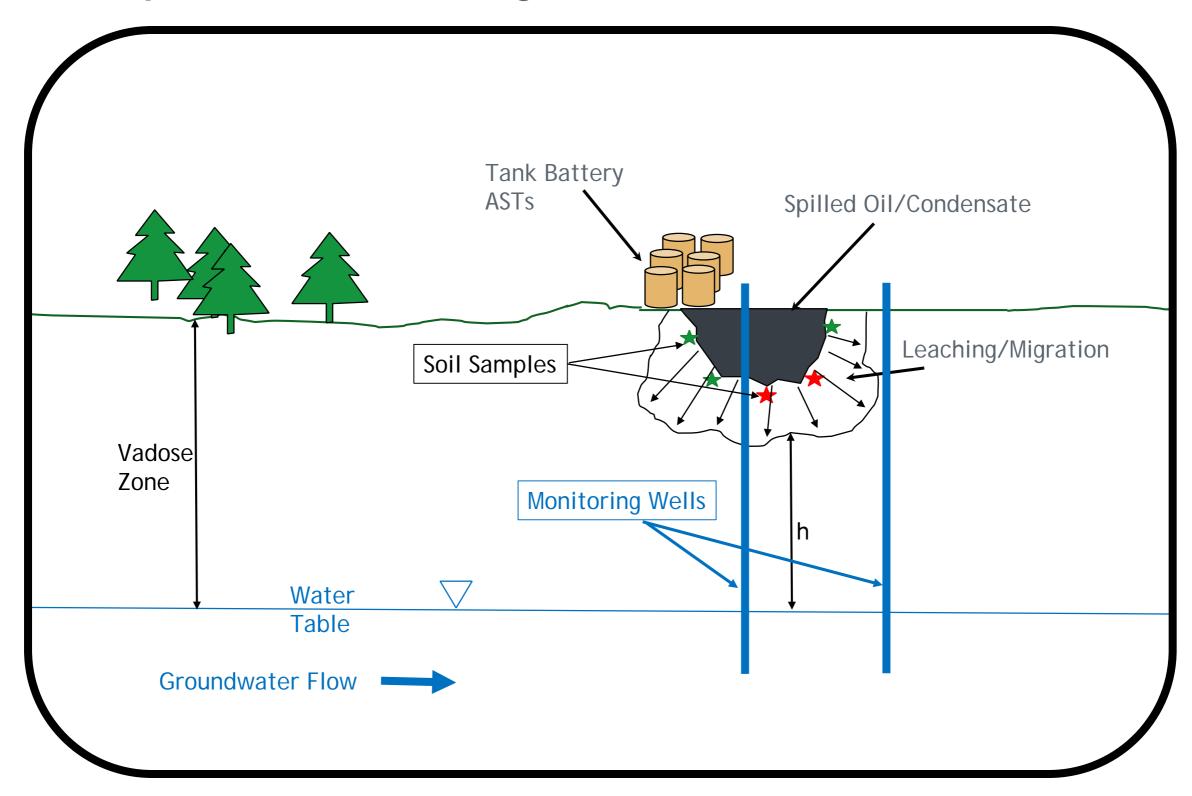
- Consistent with CDPHE HMWMD uses of EPA RSLs
  - Groundwater protection SSL is the default, or generic SSL that COGCC applies
    - conservative of all cases to protect groundwater from residual soil contamination
- Determination is site-specific based on evidence provided by Operator
- Groundwater protection SSLs are secondary to actual measured concentrations of contaminants in groundwater. Groundwater sampling can be used to eliminate the groundwater pathway.

See EPA Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) User's Guide 4.8 Soil to Groundwater <a href="https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-users-guide#soiltogw">https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-users-guide#soiltogw</a>

# Rule 915.a. Groundwater SSL - Data Considerations

- Nature of the spill
  - Historic, long-term release vs. Surface Spills
- Site-specific hydrogeology
  - fine grained vs. coarse-grained
  - gradations, low permeability layers, structures
- Define the vertical and horizontal extent of contamination
  - Still required to define to the Groundwater SSL
    - limited exception for some surface spills
  - Define does not mean remove
- Depth to groundwater
  - depth from surface
  - distance from lowest impacted soil to groundwater
- The right combination above <u>may</u> allow Operator to achieve NFA Determination with residual soil impacts in exceedance of the Groundwater Protection SSL
- Collect data in consultation with COGCC Environmental Staff

### Example GW Pathway Evaluation



#### Important Takeaways to Remember

- COGCC Environmental Protection Specialists will make a determination on which Soil Concentrations are appropriate based on Site Characterization data provided by the Operator.
- For purposes of delineating soil impacts, use the Protection of Groundwater Soil Screening Level Concentrations.
- Protection of Groundwater Soil Screening Level Concentrations are secondary to the actual measured concentrations in groundwater.
- If Groundwater is impacted, the Pathway to groundwater is considered to be completed, and the Protection of Groundwater Soil Screening Level Concentrations will apply.





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